

## Configuration-Transition-Based Connected-Component Labeling

### Abstract:

This paper proposes a new approach to label-equivalence-based two-scan connected-component labeling. We use two strategies to reduce repeated checking-pixel work for labeling. The first is that instead of scanning **image** lines one by one and **processing** pixels one by one as in most conventional two-scan labeling algorithms, we scan **image** lines alternate lines, and **process** pixels two by two. The second is that by considering the transition of the configuration of pixels in the mask, we utilize the information detected in **processing** the last two pixels as much as possible for **processing** the current two pixels. With our method, any pixel checked in the mask when **processing** the current two pixels will not be checked again when the next two pixels are **processed**; thus, the efficiency of labeling can be improved. Experimental results demonstrated that our method was more efficient than all conventional labeling algorithms.